

## Rubber Injection Molding Challenges: Case Study on Piston Rod Protector Bellow

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Moldex3D

## More than 30-year tradition

### Company basic data

Main activity	Rubber, plastic technical parts and tools			
Establishment	1993			
Turnover	103 mio € in year 2024 + Neustadt H2 2024 28 mio€			
No. of employee's	900+			
Quality system	IATF 16949, ISO 14001, ISO 9001, TISAX			
Locations	Vrhnika, SI (development, tool shop, mixing hall, small series production) Sevnica, SI (production) Sombor, SRB (production) Neustad in Sachsen, Germany (production)			

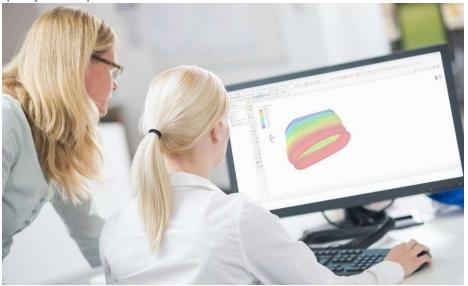
ONE STOP SHOP							
Design	Numerical Simulation	Material	Tooling	Technology	Validation		

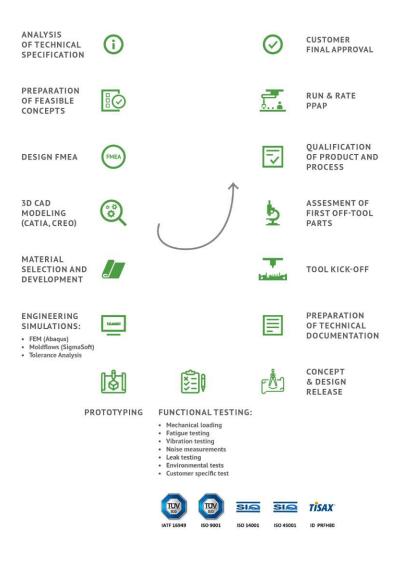


### **Development capabilities**

#### Product development

The main task of our **R&D department** is to prepare and undertake **feasible technical concepts**, select suitable material or **develop tailored made elastomers** if needed, **validate** those concepts by using **engineering simulations**, select optimal technical solution and prepare complete technical documentation according to the available costs and timing to achieve optimal quality of final product.







#### • Laboratory

The main tasks of laboratory is support for the **elastomer development team** from mechanical and chemical requirements and the **technology development** team from material processability. Laboratory also covers the test **controlling the serial product quality**.

- Rheological properties
- Hardness

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- Tensile properties
- Abrasion resistance
- Rebound elasticity
- Compression set

- Aging (ozone, media, autoclave)
- Salt spray test
- Dimensional measurements: Camera, CMM, 3D scan

- Thermogravimetric
  analysis
- Infrared spectroscopy
- Fogging test
- Cleanliness



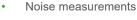
#### (+)**Functional testing**

Our functional testing laboratory is equipped with high-end testing equipment that allows us to carry out full-stack functional testing of products we develop according to OEM specifications. The laboratory is equipped with equipment for measurement of basic physical properties (forces, displacement, pressure), environmental chambers and chambers for high pressure leakage tests acc. to IPx9K specification.

The latest equipment includes the leak testing device in order to test electric vehicle battery sealing, the 3D scanner Atos 5 for evaluation of surface quality of the A-class surfaces, the 8m3 environmental chamber and a dedicated test rig for dynamic testing of steering columns. The test ring includes two environmental chambers for simulation of conditions on engine and passenger side of the vehicle. On engine side we can also simulate dust and water conditions. We have also finished the a semi-silent room for measuring the acoustic properties of the products.

- Mechanical loading static & • dynamic
- Vibration testing
- Leak testing (dust, water, air)





- Environmental test
- Customer specific tests





### Toolshop

### • Key figures

- Approximately 50 employees
- 250 tools per year manufactured
- Prototype and serial tools
- Tools up to 2500x 1500 mm
- Specialized for IM tools for rubber, plastic and multicomponent moulding

### Internal know-how

- Tool design
- Proprietary cold runner systems
- Advanced injection moulding simulations
- Cavity filling
- Temperature distribution
- Cavity pressure sensor integration



### **Automation**

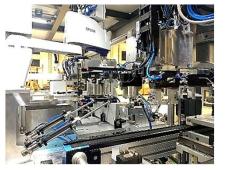
### 🛨 Key figures

- High flexibility and state of the art internal technology development
- Technology and automation experts, machine designers, programmers, mechanical and electrical assembly engineers
- Streamlined and efficient machine building process
- High maintenance efficiency and know-how driven support to internal serial production

#### Capabilities

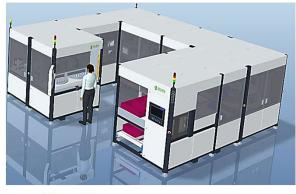
- Internal machine development, assembly and deployment
- Inline quality control (AI supported machine vision, leak testing, precise dimension measurement, 3D scanning,...)
- OT network (MES, SPC analysis, remote access, data storage,...)
- Traceability control (laser marking, DMC application with process history, RFID worker access control,...)
- Advanced assembly (ultrasonic, hot plate, hot gas, IR & vibrational welding, adaptive position control, servo feedback control,...
- Cleanliness control (overpressure assembly cell, ionization, automatic packing system,...)
- Smart handling (3,4 and 6 axis robotic manipulators, material feeders and camera assisted feeding system,...)













### **Compounding and mixing**

### Development

- In-house compounding capabilities
- Know-how for development of elastomer compounds (AEM, ACM, EPDM, NR, SBR)
- Customer-oriented services and

#### tailor-made solutions

- Optimization of flowability and processability of elastomer compounds
- Environmentally friendly
  behaviour

#### **(+)** Laboratory (4L) and production (90L) mixer with extrudor









### **Production**

#### Summary in numbers

- 4 production locations in 3 countries
- 50.000 m<sup>2</sup> covered surface; 50.000 m2 land available for building
- 15-21 shift/week operation

#### Injection molding technologies

- 102 machines for elastomer IM with clamp force in range 30t 850t
- 80 machines for IM of thermoplasts and LSR with clamp force 50t 1500t
- 10 machines for compression IM of duroplasts with clamp force 130 140t
- 1 machine for thermoplast Compression IM with clamp force 320t

#### Secondary operations and assembly

• Post moulding operations

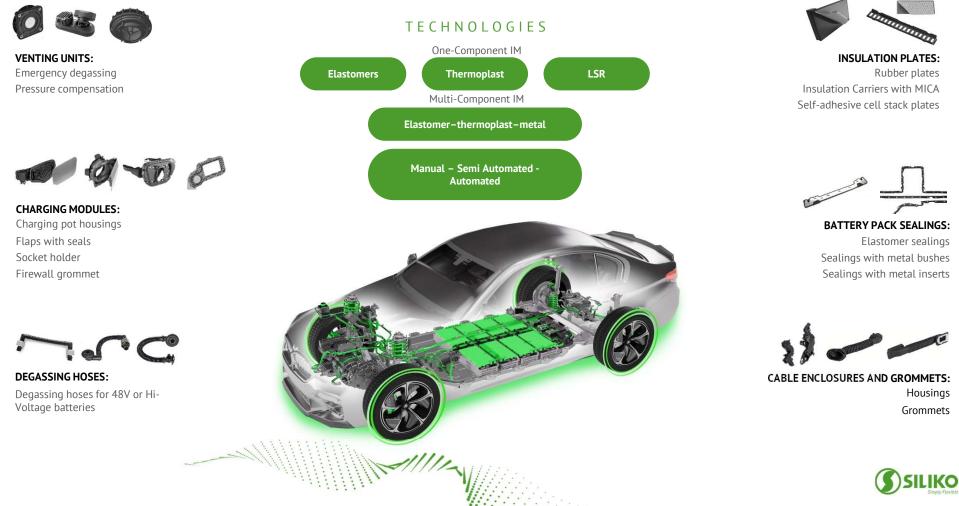
• Mirror plate welding

- Automated vision inspection
- Manual assembly
- Full automatic assembly
- Ultrasonic welding

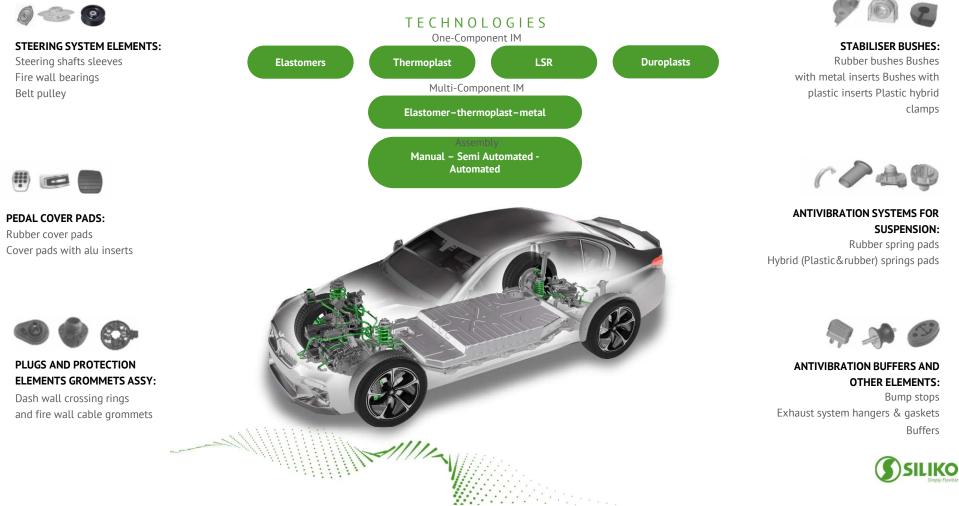
- Pad & Screen printing
- Laser marking
- Packaging



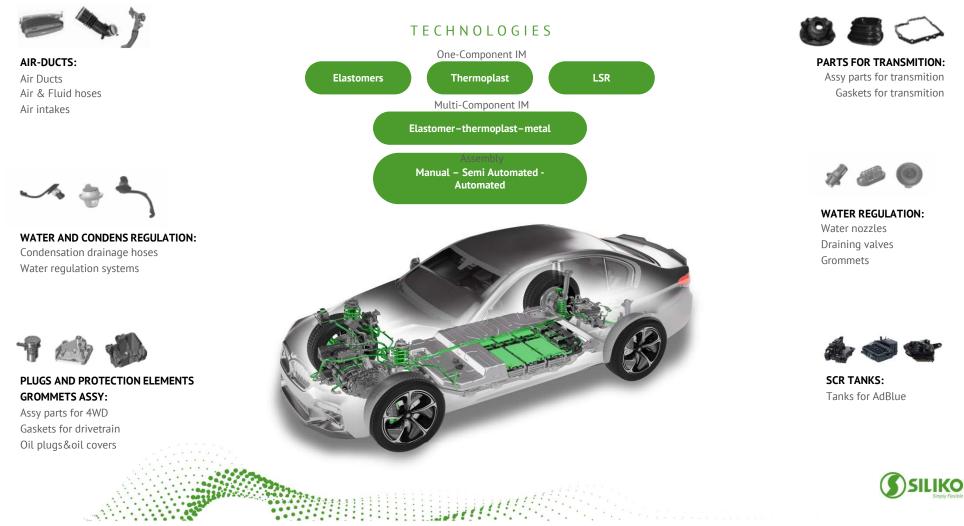
### Solutions for E-Mobility



### Solutions for Body, Chassis and Comfort



### Solutions for Air, Fluid and Thermal management





## Case Study: Federunterlage BaC

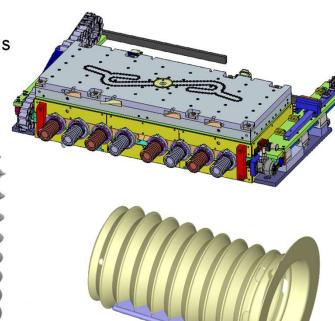
- Part: Elastomer bellow, mounted inside car suspension coil springs
- Material: Elastomer
- Function: protector for piston rod in all spring positions
- SOP in 2017
- 1 240 000 pcs/year
- · Existing tool redesign due to carry-over project

### Difficulties on existing tool:

- Uneven part thickness
- Air traps
- Unbalanced fill
- Old material inclusions in part
- NOK bellow stacking

### Goal:

• Reduce scrap (around 10%)



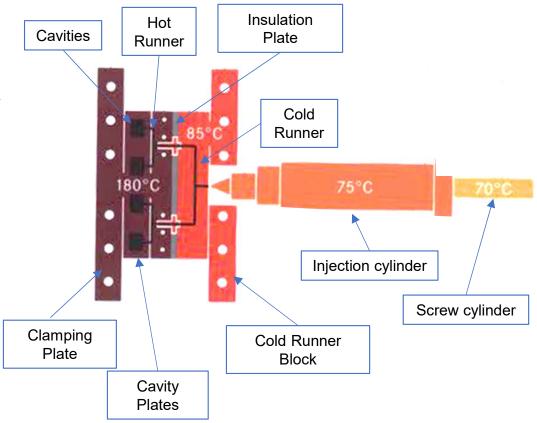


## **Rubber Injection Mold Basics**

Rubber injection mold is very similar to thermoplastic injection molding

Key differences:

- 1. Lower temperature screw and higher temperature mold
- 2. Runner System is cooled instead of heated (Cold Runner instead of Hot Runner)
- 3. Insulation plate between Cavity plates and cold runner block
- 4. Cavity and Clamping plates are heated instead of cooled
- 5. Cavities are under vacuum
- 6. Curing phase instead of packing phase

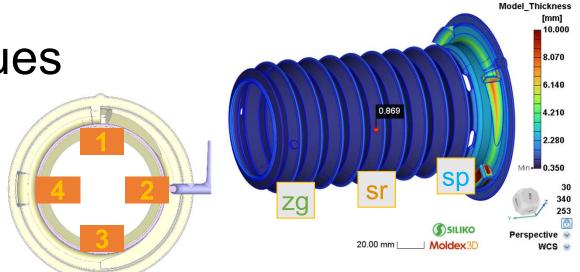


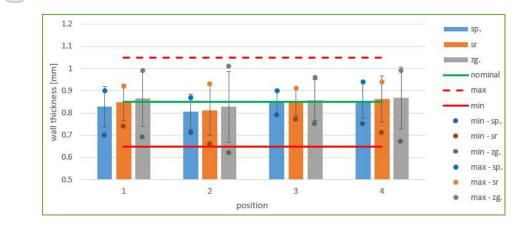


## **Current Tool Issues**

# Difficulties on existing tool:

- Uneven part thickness
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- NOK bellow stacking
- Core fixation issues







## **Current Tool Issues**

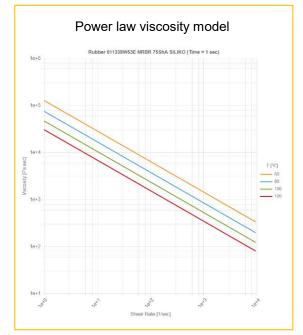
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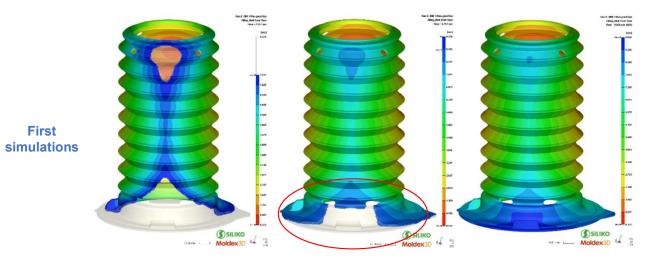


## **First Iteration FLOW Simulations**



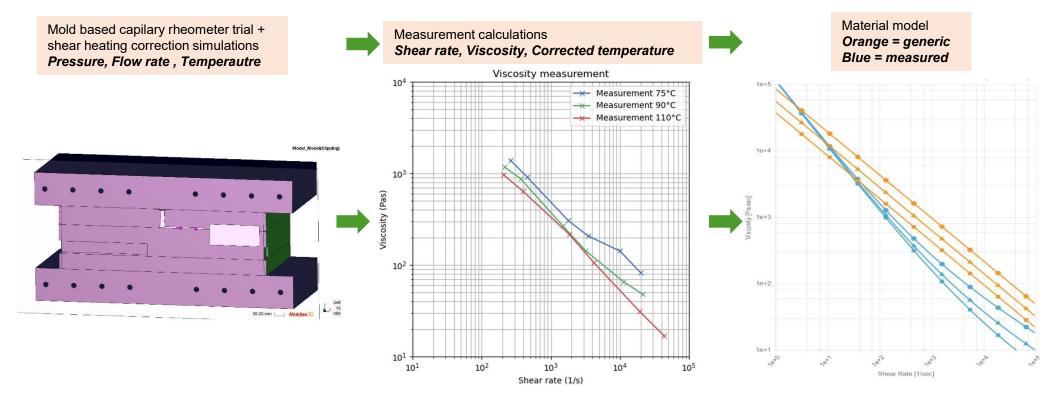
**Actual filling** 







## Viscosity Measurement – Mold rheometer

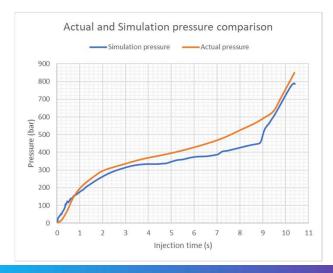


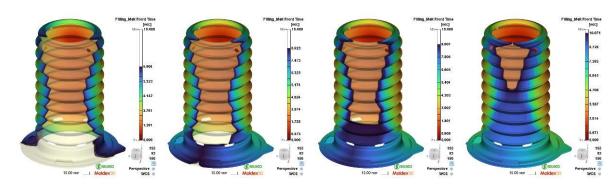


## Second Iteration FLOW Simulations

- Pressure curve is very close to actual
- Some differences in flow remain > Core Shift?





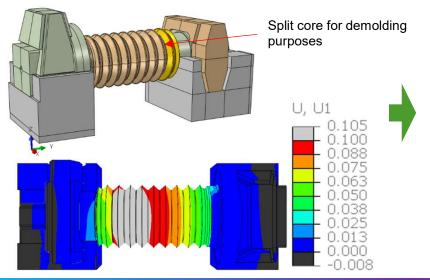


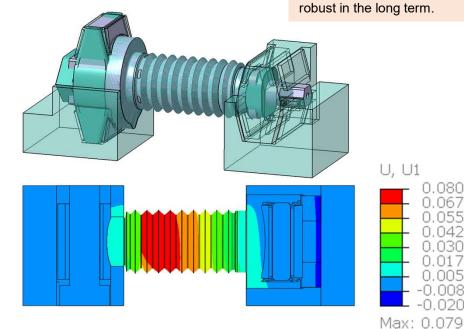


## **Core Shift Simulations**

- 2 Way Core Shift Simulation in Moldex3D is not realistic due to split core geometry
- Pressure on insert is taken from Moldex3D and applied to Abaqus FEM simulation
- Displacement result with pressure of 600 bar: 0.1 mm







Displacement remains high, but the design is more



# **Cold Runner Simulations**

- Vulcanized material in Cold Runner system
- Old material inclusions in part
- Cause is combination of heat conduction from cavity plates and slow material velocity









## **Cold Runner Simulations**

Old Design: 15 vol.% of material stagnation New Design: 10 vol.% of material stagnation Better, but could still be improved

OLD NEW HK 1/2 Hot Runner Steady\_Velocity Vector ot Runner Steady Velocity Vector [cm/sec] Design [cm/sec] Design 10.000 8.667 8 667 7.333 7.333 6.000 6.000 4.667 4.667 3.333 3.333 2.000 2.000 0.667 0.667 0.000 0.000 332 L× 309 359 1 30.00 mm \_\_\_\_ Moldex3 40.00 mm Moldex3 HK 1/2 Staro stanje Hot Runner Steady\_Velocity Vector Hot Runner Steady\_Velocity Vector [cm/sec] 10.000 [cm/sec] 10.000 9.067 9.067 8.133 8.133 7.200 7.200 6.267 6.267 Material stagnation at 5.333 joint remains, not fixable 4.400 without mold inserts 3.467 3.467 3 000 x z 179 x z 332 179



- T = 75°C
- Q = 60 ccm/s
- Symmetry 1/2



Material flow below U = 3 cm/s is not shown, regarded as too low.

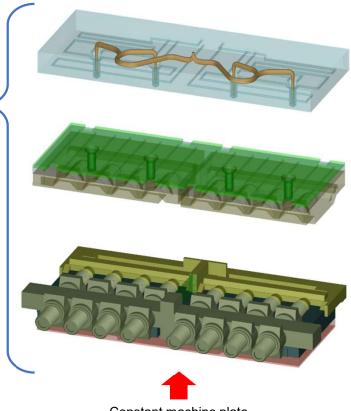


Mold

## Mold Heating Simulation

- Simplified numerical model:
- Water cooling in cold runner block
- 48 heating rods, controlled by 4 thermocouples
- Constant machine plate heating 170°C

temperature measurement after first trial 167°C 167°C 164°C 161°C 162°C 165°C 161°C 168°C MIN T = 161°C 168°C 162°C MAX T = 168°C

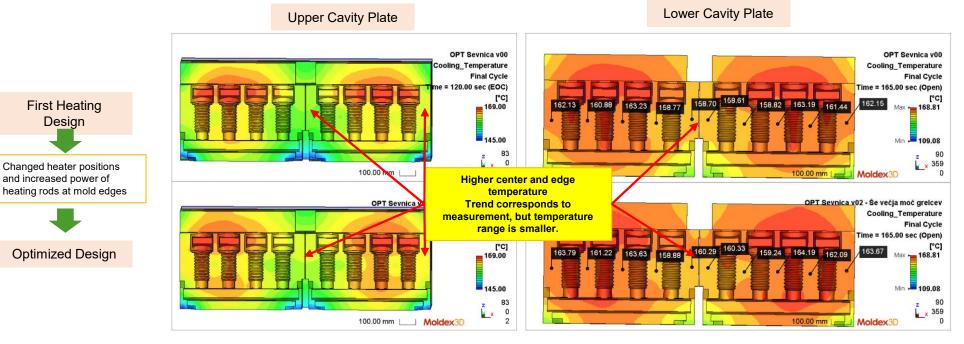


Constant machine plate heating B.C.



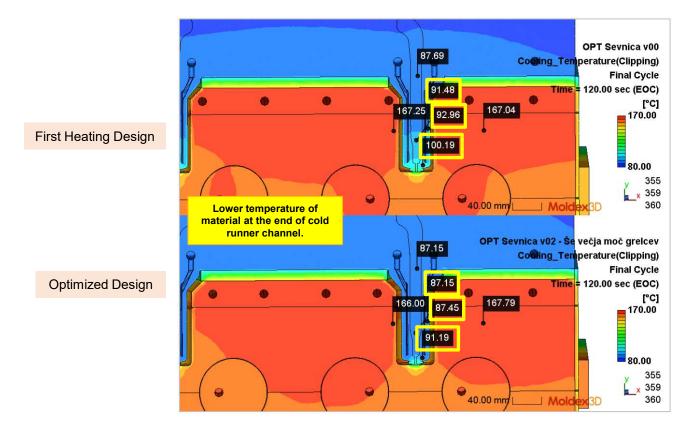
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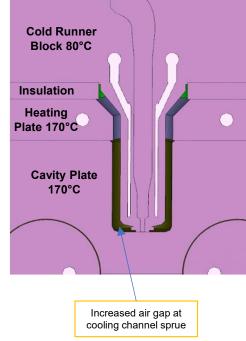
## **Overall Heating results**





## Mold Heating Simulation







## Conclusions

Moldex3D simulations were used to validate and optimize the tool in all production stages:

- Validate current mold design
- Correct viscosity measurement of our rubber material
- Use pressure on core from injection molding simulation for FEM simulations in Abaqus
- Optimize Cold Runner channel with HRS simulation
- Improve mold tempering and reduce temperature differences in mold
- New tool is already running for roughly 1 year
- Overall scrap was reduced from ~10% down below 1%

