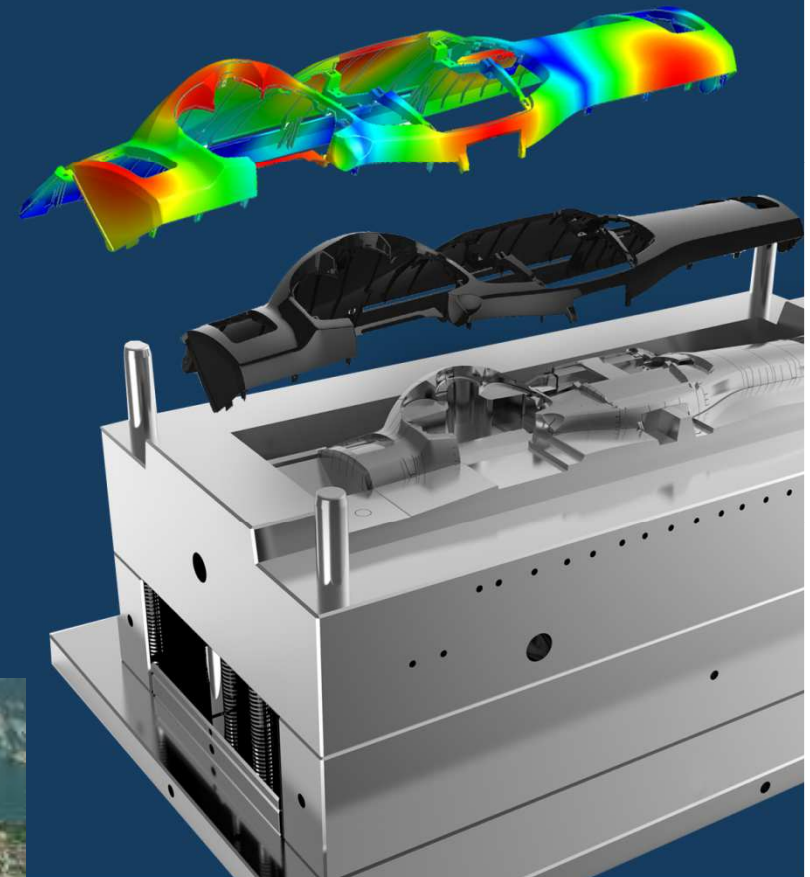


Moldex3D

PU Chemical Foaming

EMEA
Alex Lu

Moldex3D



MID Molding Innovation Day 2018, Italy

14 June, 2018

Hotel dei Parchi del Garda, Lazise, Italy

PU Foaming

Challenges in the Foaming Process

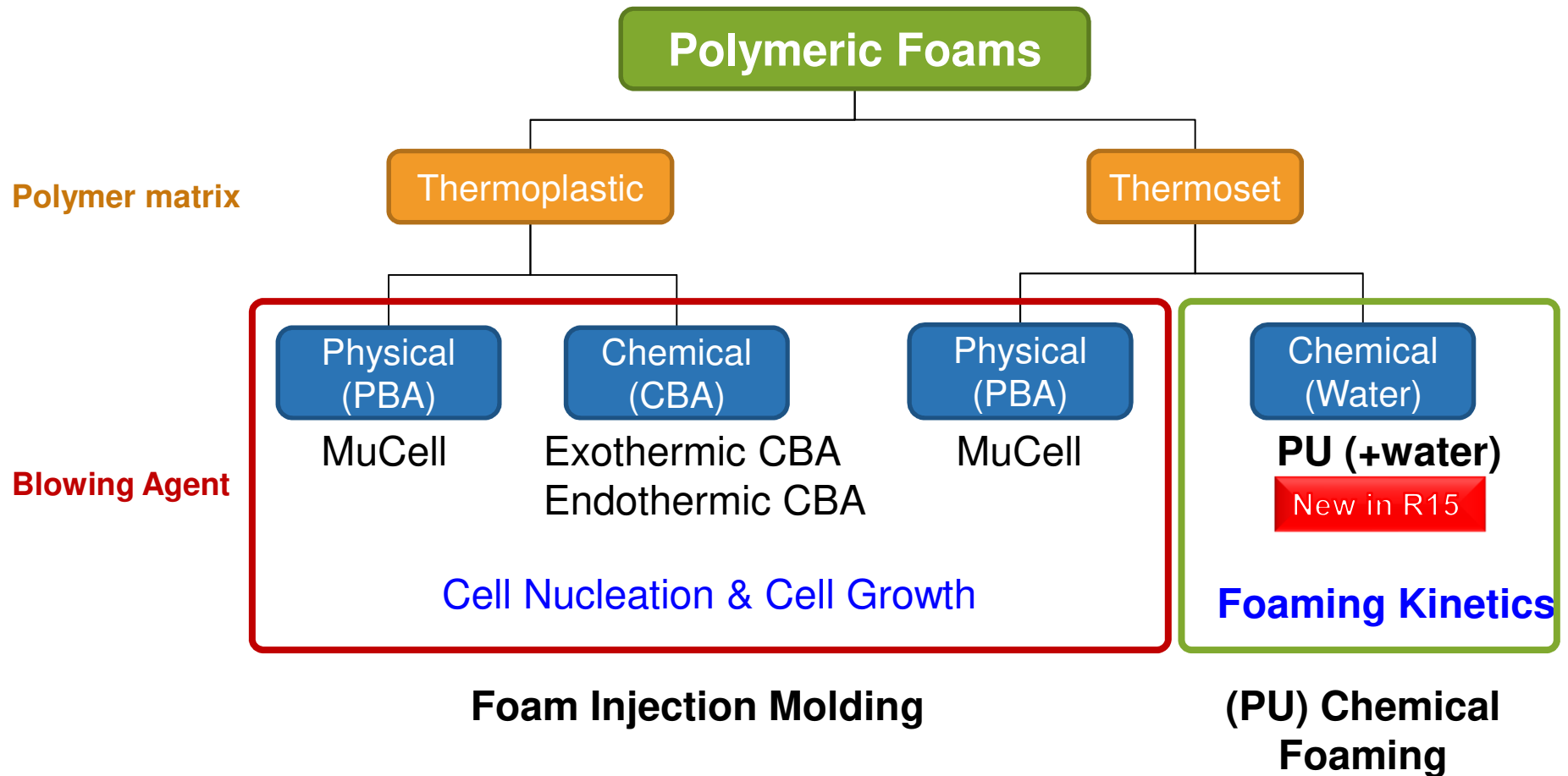
- > **Difficulty of processing control**
(control of state of thermodynamic instability)

- > **Unknown status in a foaming process**
(temperature and pressure variation)

- > **Part defects**
 - **Lack of material**
 - **Bubbles**
 - **Aspect defects**
 - **Dimensional defects**

- > **Development of reliable CAE technology**

Category of Polymeric Foams



What Moldex3D PU Chemical Foaming can Do

- > Support Polyurethane(PU) foaming process simulation

- > Assumptions
 - Curing Kinetics
 - Foaming Kinetics

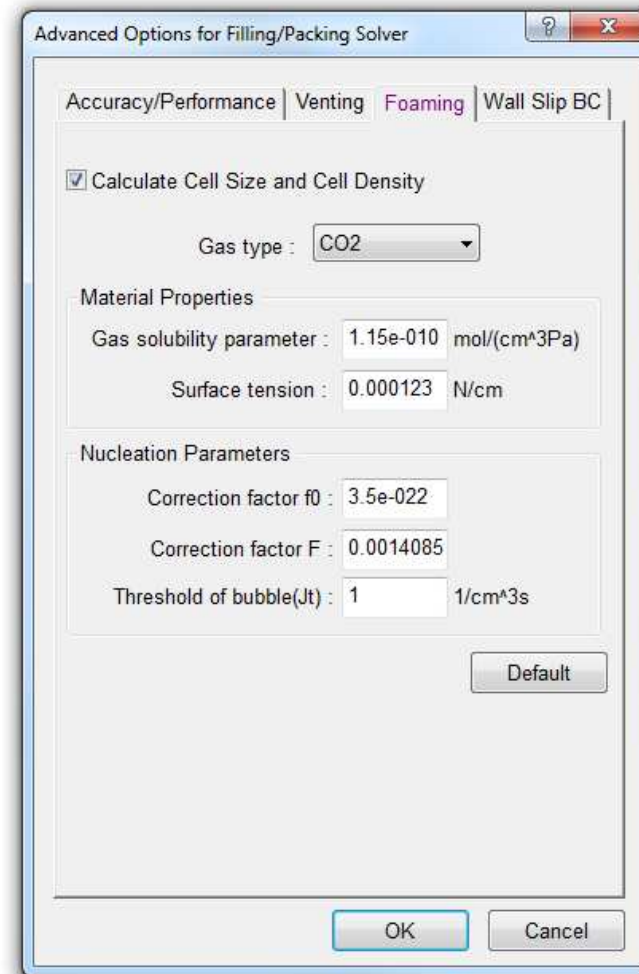
- > Results
 - Curing conversion rate / Foaming conversion rate
 - Cell size / Cell Density (New in R16)

- > Special Process
 - Support oscillating rotation (New in R16)

- > Only support **Solid** mesh file

Computation Parameters

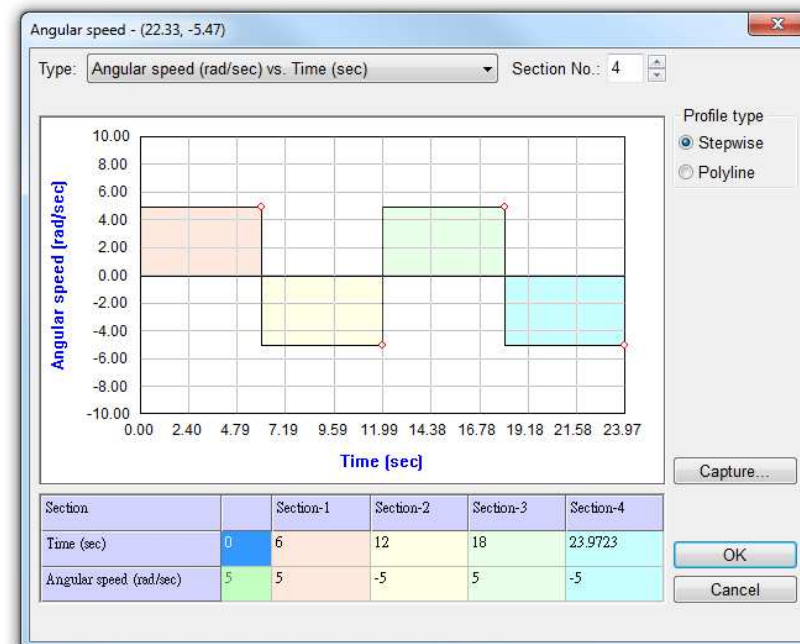
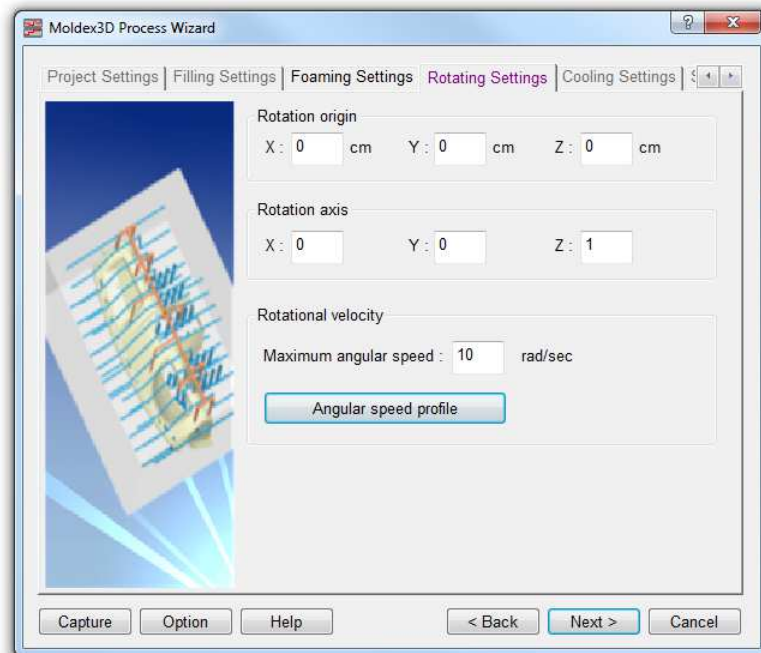
- > Calculate cell size and density
 - Build-in gas type
 - N₂
 - CO₂
 - Others
 - Further information needed



Process setting

> Rotating setting

- Rotation origin and rotation axis
- Angular speed profile

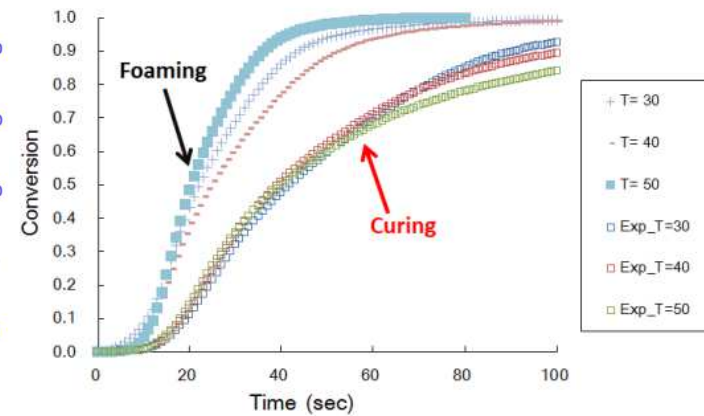
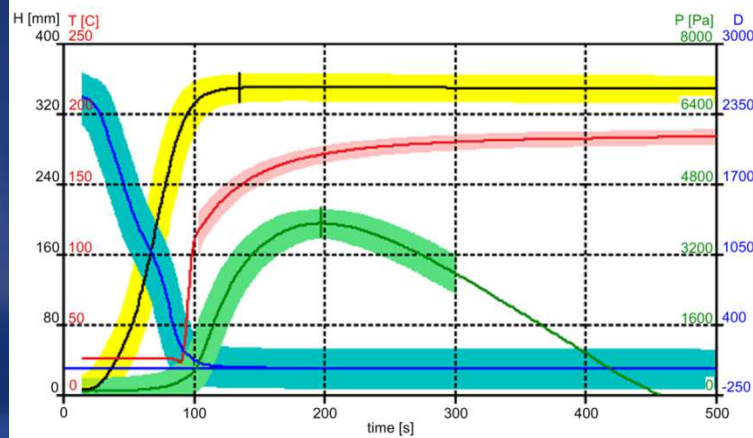


PU Kinetics Measurements

- > Records the parameters of the foam's creation process with use of proper measurement tools
 - Measurement of reaction temperature
 - Measurement of pressure
 - Measurement of profile of foam growth (foaming kinetics)
 - Determination of viscosity level (foaming viscosity)
 - Measurement of dielectric polarization (curing kinetics)

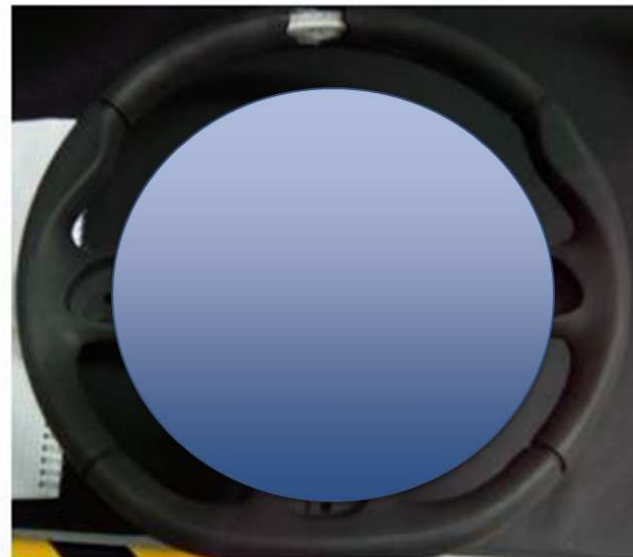
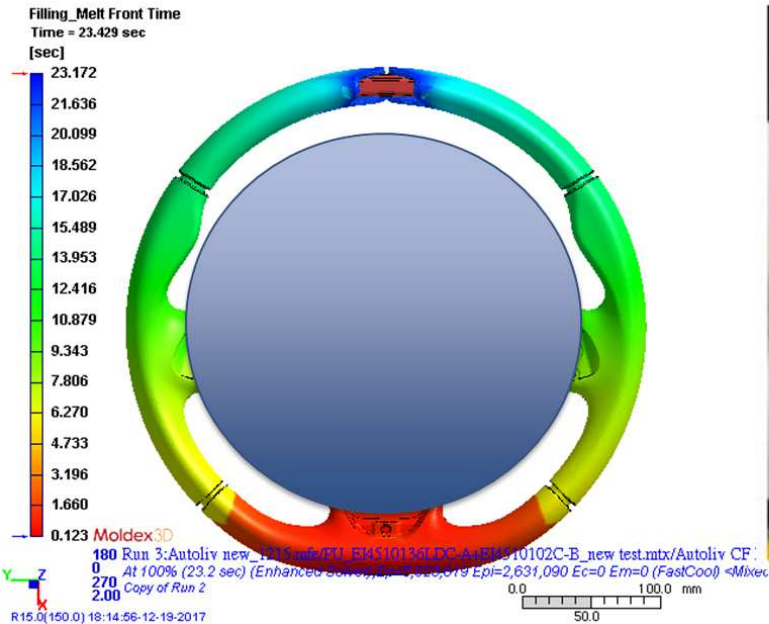
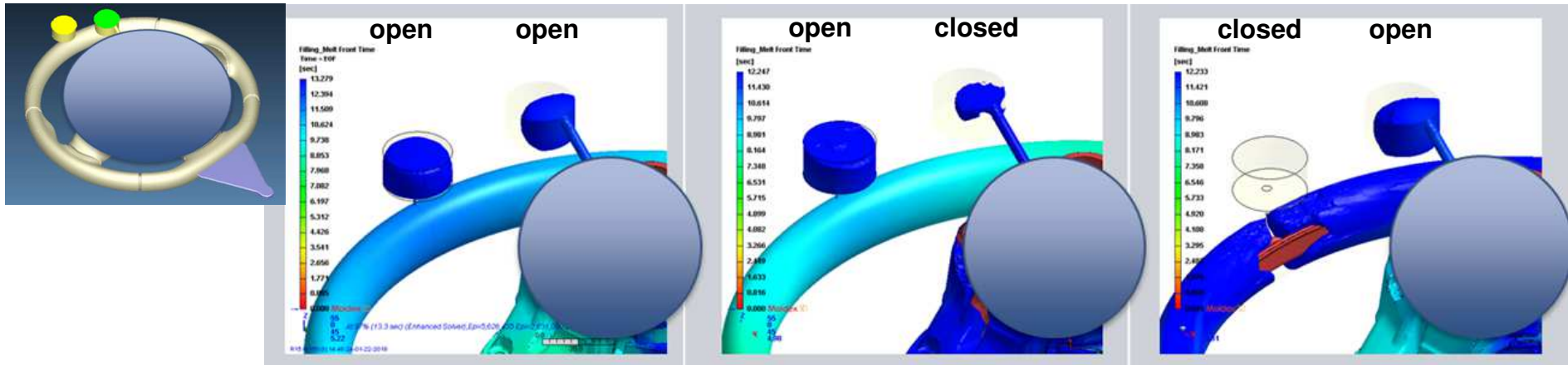


FOAMAT®



Chemical Foaming Example: PU Foaming

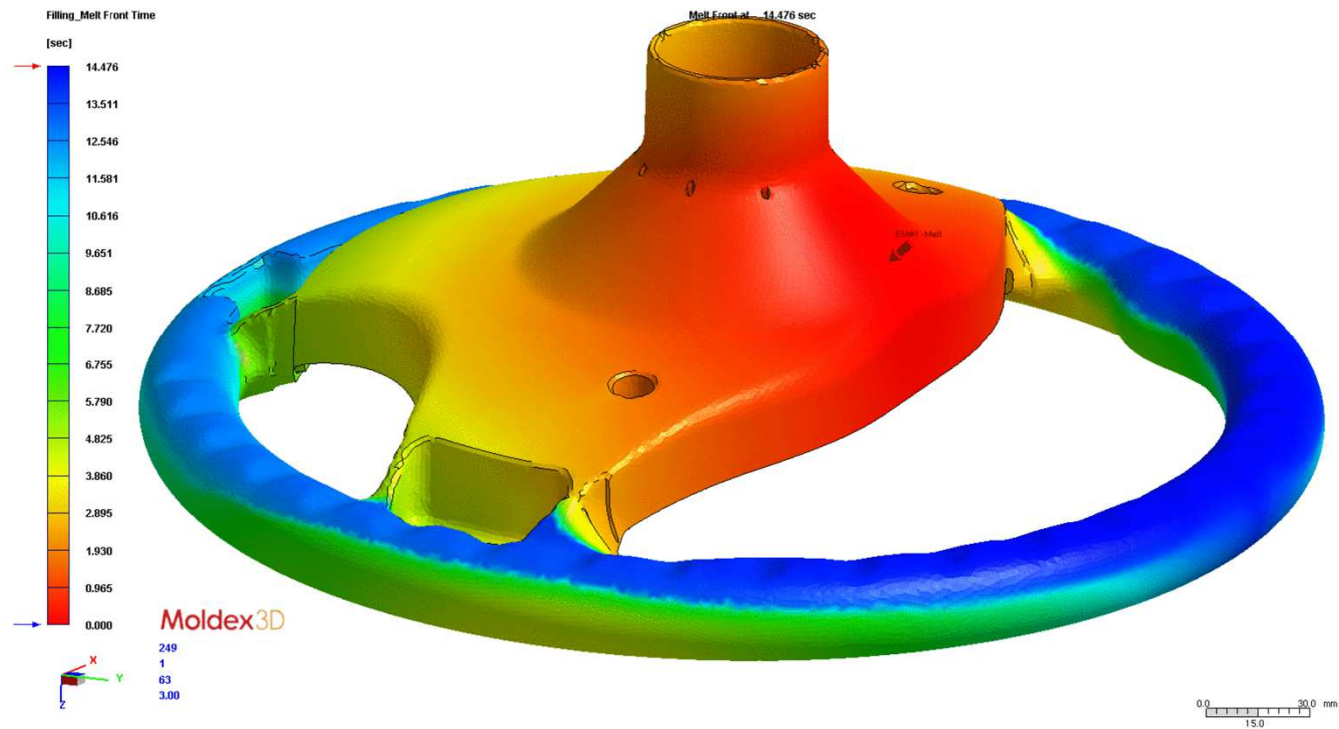
2 venting
into overflow



Simulated flow pattern matches reality, further used in performing a weight reduction analysis on the part, runner and overflow

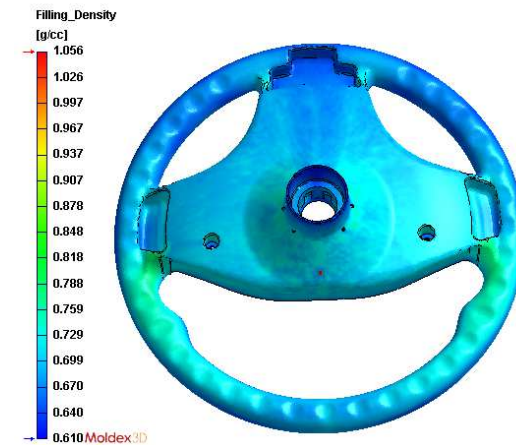
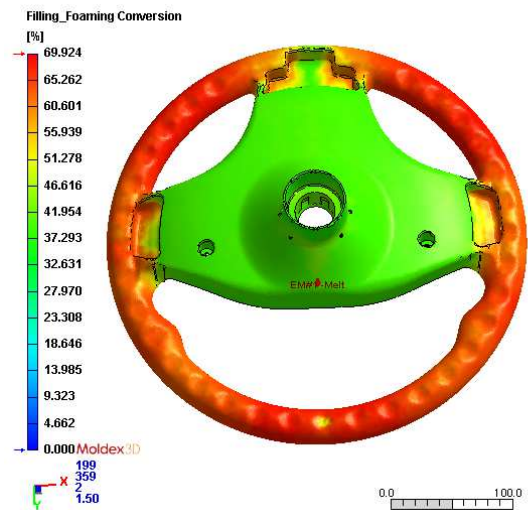
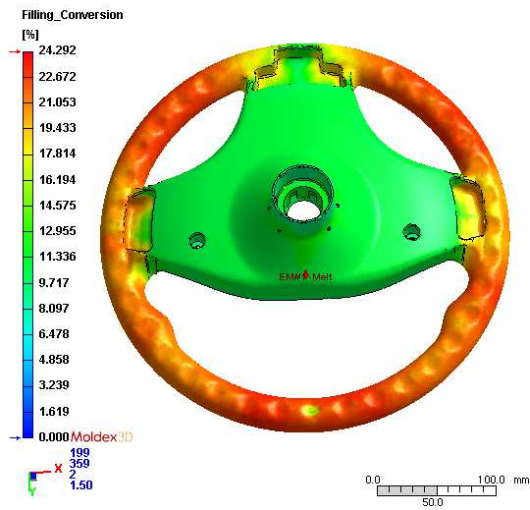
Analysis Output

> Melt front time



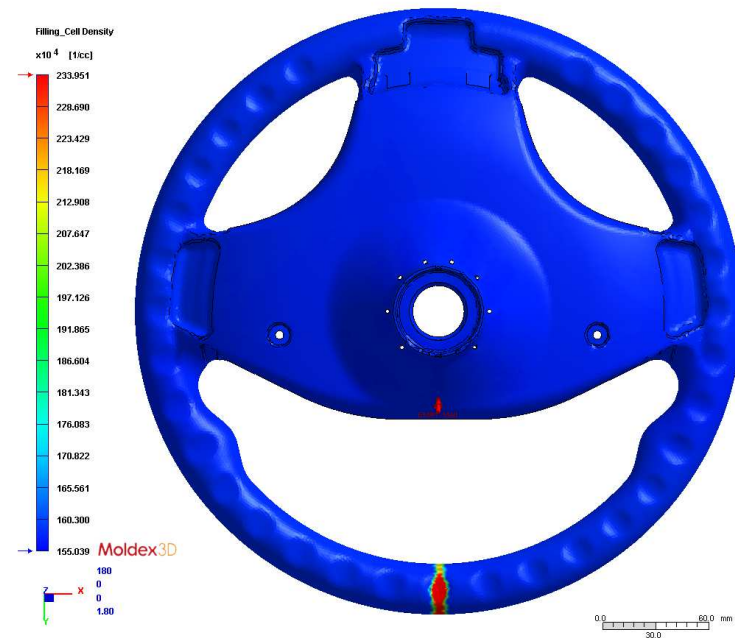
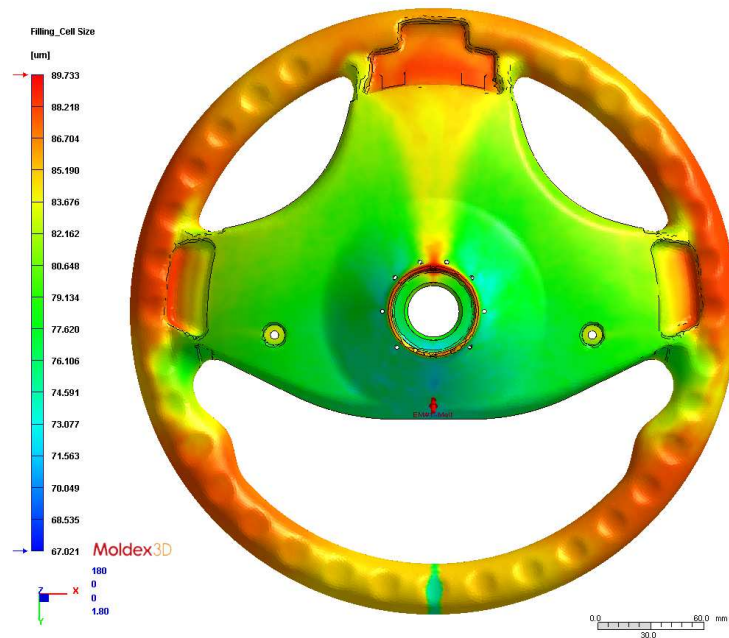
Analysis Output

- > Conversion
 - Degree of curing/crosslinking
- > Foaming Conversion
 - Degree of foaming reaction
- > Density
 - Density distribution considering the foaming cells



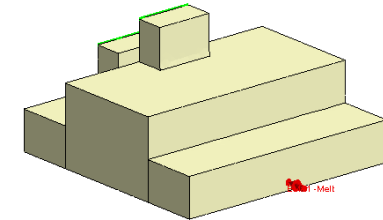
Analysis Output (New in R16)

- > Cell Size
 - Foaming cell size distribution
- > Cell Density
 - Foaming cell density distribution



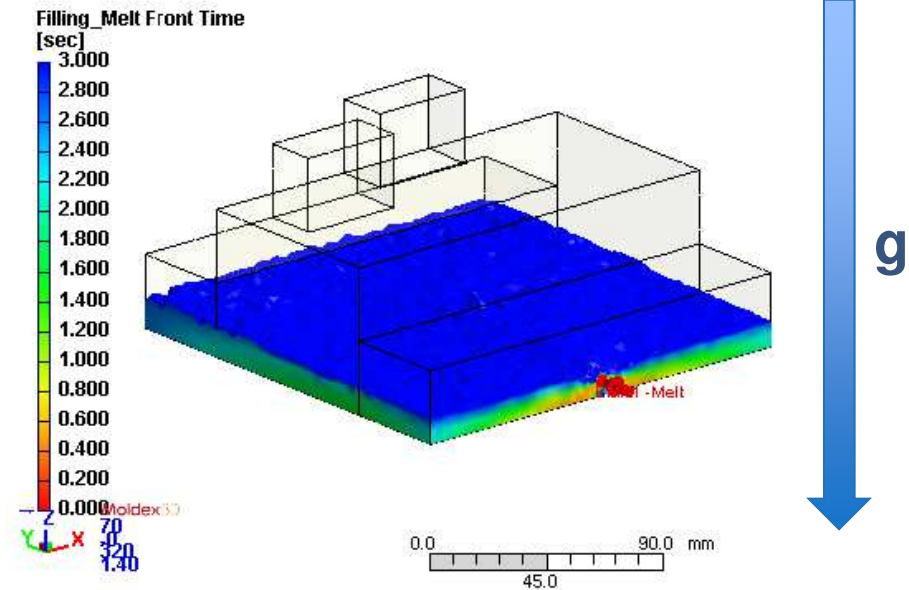
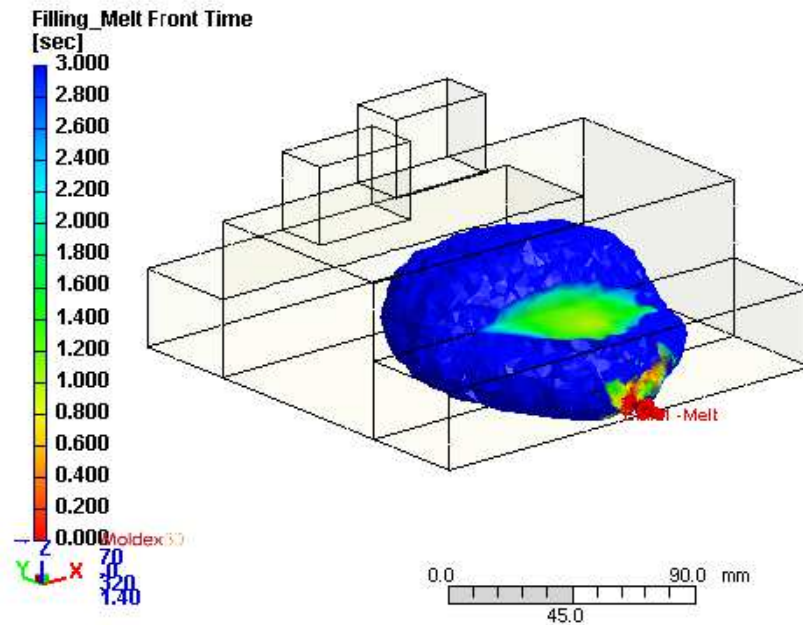
Gravity Force Effect

- > Under the gravity force, low viscosity PU foam flows along the bottom of the cavity



without gravity force

With gravity force



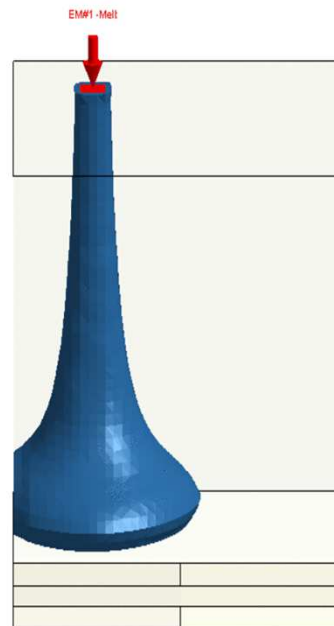
Rotating mold (New in R16)

> Supporting rotating mold

- Available to simulate the polymer behavior in the rotating mold

Filling_Melt Front Time
Time = 0.506 sec

Time = 0.50644 sec



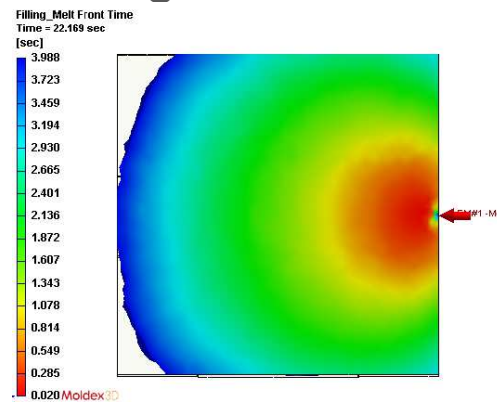
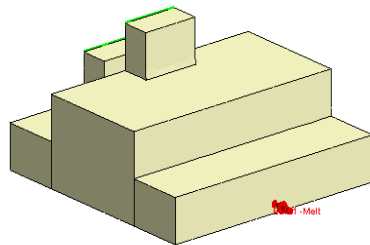
75 Run 14:10x10x10_0dot25_FJO.mfe/FU_FU-2_A2-e12_1.mtx/MoldRotation_Gravity_90.pro
0 At 100% (0.493 sec) (Enhanced Solver), Ep=64,640 Epi=640 Ec=0 Em=0 <Hexa>
270 Copy of Run 27 slow rotGrav in -thetaSA=1(Copy of Run 1)A=2e-12 75sec(Copy of Run 9)(Copy of Run 10)
1.00

R16(160.0) 18:30:29-12-28-2017

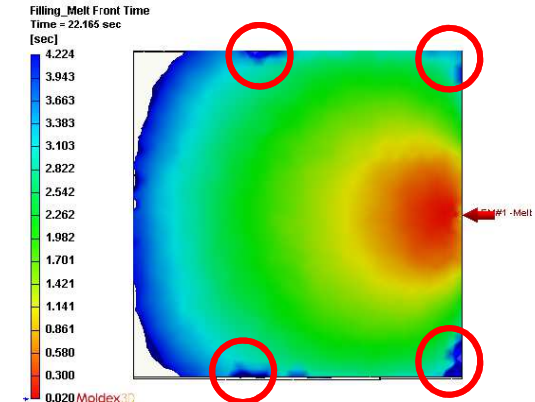


Venting Gap Effect

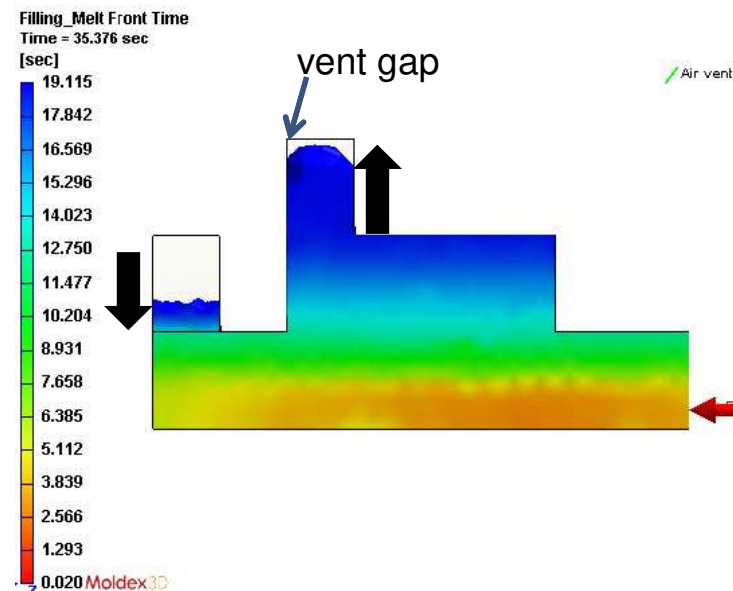
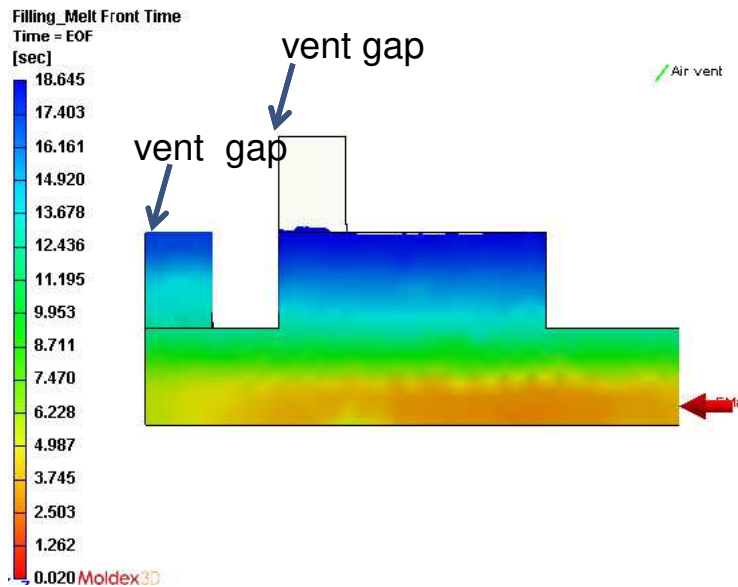
- > No vent gap region provides a high resistance force to compressed air



without venting effect

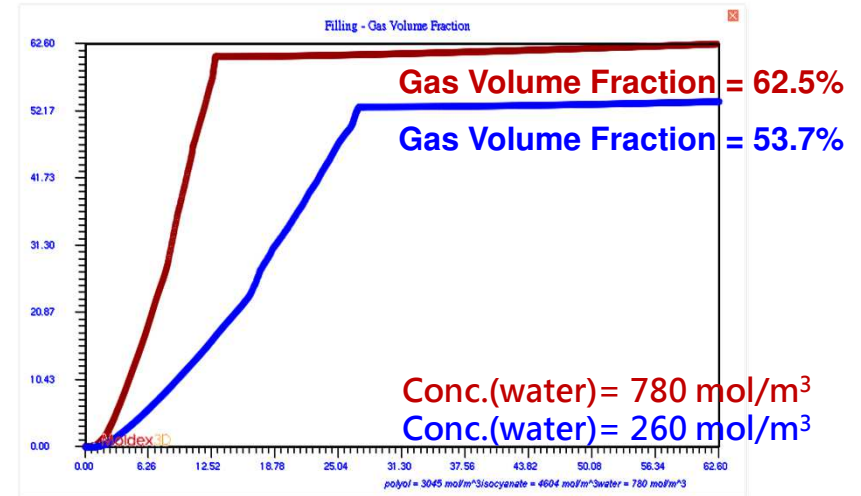


with venting effect

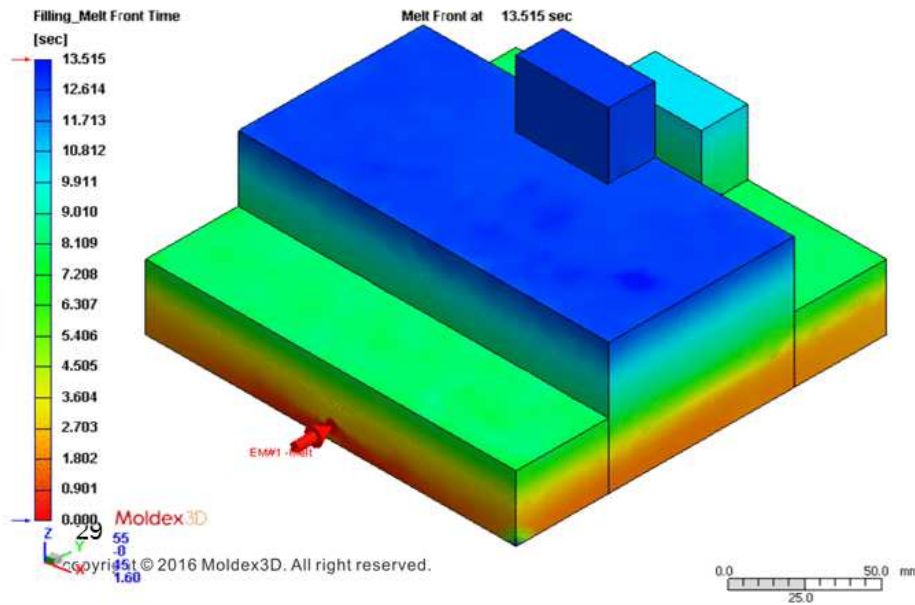


Water (Blowing Agent) Concentration Effect

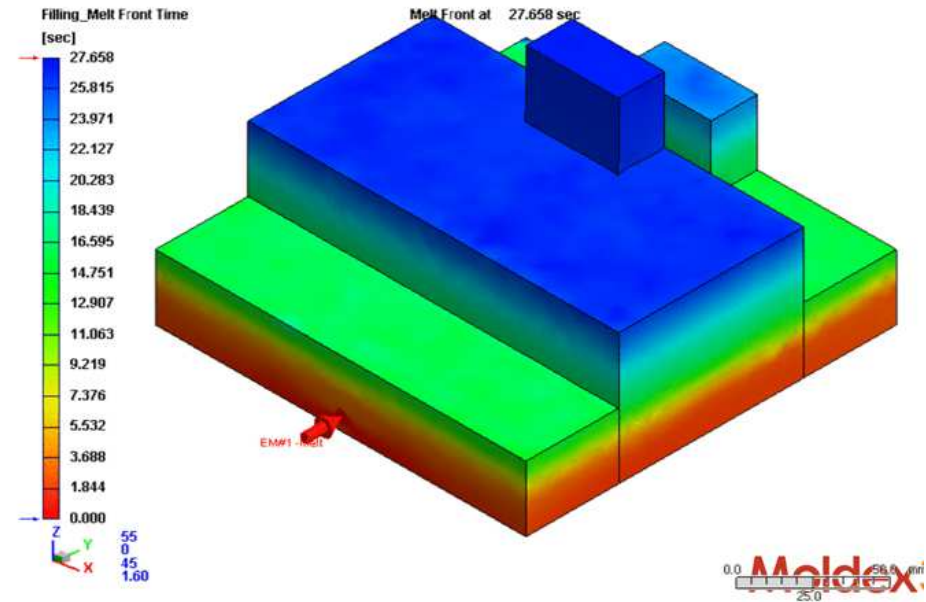
- > Higher water concentration causes faster foaming, so shorter filling time



Conc.(water)= 780 mol/m³



Conc.(water)= 260 mol/m³



Moldex3D PU Foaming

- > **Filling Pattern with foaming behavior**
- > **Foaming conversion rate and density of the part**
- > **Gravity and venting effect**
- > **Warpage prediction**



Thank You

Moldex3D

www.moldex3d.com

Copyright © 2018 Moldex3D. All rights reserved.